

This guide best viewed in landscape

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...text in a different color

Bible verses: Rom. 9:6-8

menu icons

































The Fab 5



The Bible in 1 Sentence

A practical description of what the Bible is.



















The Bible is a supernatural, written

RECORD...

It's not hearsay or a collection of ancient mythology. It is a recorded account of historical events supported by sources outside itself. Yet, it proves its supernatural origin through specific predictions about the future—predictions which defy attempts to post-date them. *(details)





















of God using

SRAE

is written from the perspective of God's dealings with Israel—





















to save a

FALLEN WORLD.

Because only a man could redeem mankind, God chose one nation, Israel, through whom he would bring a Messiah who would bless the entire world. Now all believers are "Israel" and are able to commune with God personally.

Rom. 9:6-8 / Gal. 3:7-8, 28-29









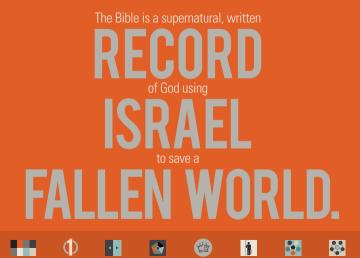












*The common objection that the Bible's predictive prophecies were written after the fact doesn't hold up for a couple of reasons. Firstly, many prophecies look hundreds of years ahead in time. Over that time language style, structure, and references change noticeably. The antiquated writing by Ezekiel and Daniel for example would appear conspicuously out of place if given later dates. Secondly, some prophecies outrun the late dates suggested for them. Daniel's 4th beast/kingdom is predicted to appear far after the date many skeptics would give his prophecy.



Old & New

The two testaments are counterparts — the O.T. (laws and physical things) is fulfilled by the N.T. (ideals and spiritual realities).



















D MENT

TESTA

FALLEN PEOPLE

PEOPLE
Ex. 20 / Deut. 5

REDEEMED
PEOPLE
Mat 5

















OLD TESTAMENT

INE W TESTAMENT

A LIFE **COMPELLED** BY **LAWS**

Gal. 4:21-26

1

GRACE
Eph. 2:10

















OLD TESTAMENT

ESTAMEN

HEBREW

ALLOWING IT TO BE

PRESERVED

BY THE NATION

PRODUCING THE MESSIAH

GREEK

SHARED
WITH THE WORLD
BOUT THE MESSIAH

















TESTAMENT

ANCESTORS Gen. 15:3-5

























OLD TESTAMENT

NEW TESTAMENT

CIRCUMCISED **BODY**SHOWS DEVOTION TO GOD

HEART ENABLES DEVOTION T

Deut. 30:6 / Rom. 2:28-29





Gen. 17:9-11













L**D** Ment

NEW ESTAMENT

STONE

Ex. 24:12

HEARTS

Jer. 31:31-33









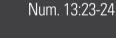








CONQUER A FRUITFUL













ULD TESTAMENT

TES

.....





<100 YEARS

















OLD TESTAMENT

Genesis
Exodus
Joshua
Judges
Ruth
1&2 Samue
Ezra

READING ORDER*

Follow this order to read the Bible as a chronological account without getting bogged down, then fill in the other books. *recommended

NEWTESTAMENT

Acts
Ephesians
Corinthians
1Peter
1Timothy
Hebrews









by R.C. Sproul











5 Kinds of Books

The Bible is grouped according to kinds of writing. Knowing what kind you are reading can greatly affect your understanding of Scripture.







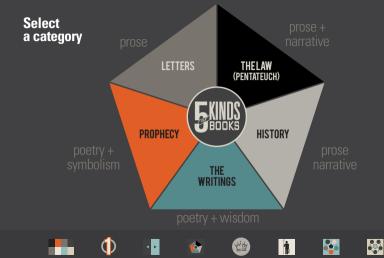














Location: The Old Testament books from Genesis to Deuteronomy.

Purpose: To record the foundations of humanity (creation, marriage, sin, languages, etc.) and to trace the origin of the nation of Israel from Abraham to Joshua.

Style: Ordinary language (prose) with narrative accounts of major figures.



















Location: The Old Testament books from Joshua to Esther.

(Plus the Gospels and Acts in the N.T.)

Purpose: To record the Messiah's physical lineage and the obedience-disobedience cycle of Israel's relationship with God as a lesson against our own reluctance toward God's will.

Style: Prose narrative



















Location: The Old Testament books from Job to Song of Songs plus Lamentations.

Purpose: To offer guidance, assurance, and warning on a range of human experiences including relationships, prosperity, pleasure, praise, and suffering.

Style: Poetic







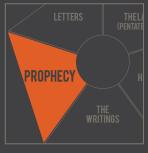












Location: The Old Testament books from Isaiah to Malachi. (Plus chapters 4-22 of Revelation.)

Purpose: To foretell God's judgment on Israel via takeover by enemy nations and its restoration after years of exile. Also, to foretell the coming Messiah and the restoration of our fallen world.

Style: Poetic and symbolic



















Location: The New Testament books from Romans to Revelation 1-3.

Purpose: To instruct and encourage Christ-like living for the early Christians and for us. Also, to explain doctrines relating to sin, salvation, and the dual nature of Christ.

Style: Prose except for chapters 4-22 of Revelation (apocalyptic).



















These most pivotal events and eras will help you see the big picture of Biblical history in icon form.











































Gen. 1 & 2

Rom. 5:12-21

Gen. 6

24:37-38

OF BABEL

Gen. 15 & 17























THE EXODUS Ex. 12-14

10 CMND-

Ex. 20

Deut. 5

THE JUDGES

Jdg. & Ruth

1 & 2 Sam.

Psalms



























Isa. - Mal.

PROPHECIES: JERUSALEM: RESTORATION Jer. 30

2Kings 25:1-12

Zeph. 3

THE GREEKS : THE ROMANS

Jer. 6, 21, 25, 27, 34

Ezek. 4-5

Hos. 14

Ezek. Dan. 2,7 26:12-14

Dan. 2,7,8

Rev. 17:9-14





















WORK Mat.

Mark

Luke

John

SENDS OUT BELIEVERS

Acts - Rev.

Rev. 21-22

RETURNS

Zech. 14

Acts 1

...many others NEW HEAVEN & NEW EARTH

Isa. 65

Rev. 21-22







Acts 2















The Fab 5

God works out his redemptive plan through selected people via covenants. His covenants involving the following 5 people direct the events recorded in Scripture.



















UNDERSTAND A COVENANT

In the O.T., cutting an animal in half and walking between it sealed a covenant. The meaning was, "may this happen to me if I don't uphold my side."

In Gen. 15:12-17 only God passes through the halves, not Abraham. This showed that responsibility for ultimate fulfillment of the covenant was on Him. Abraham was merely to trust that God would fulfill it.









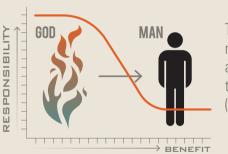








GOD'S COVENANT = A ONE-SIDED GRANT



The lesser party (man) receives **more benefit** and **less responsibility** than the greater party (God).

















Select an individual













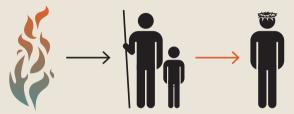






GOD'S COVENANT W/ABRAHAM

Gen. 15 / 17



Covenant: trusting God --> chosen people, promised land **Sign:** circumcision **Fulfillment:** Jesus

Col. 2:1-12 / Rom. 2:28-29

















GOD'S COVENANT W/MOSES

Ex. 24: 1-8



Covenant: obience to laws --> protection, abundance **Sign:** animal sacrifices **Fulfillment:** Jesus Heb. 10:1-2 / 7:27

















GOD'S COVENANT W/DAVID

1Kings 9:4-9 / 2Sam. 7:12-17



Covenant: righteous king --> rest/peace in Promised Land **Sign:** Davidic heir on Israel's throne **Fulfillment:** Jesus

Ezek. 37: 23-24 / Jer. 23:5-6











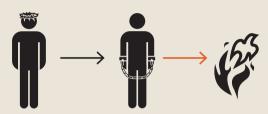






JESUS' COMMISSION TO PAUL

Acts 9:1-6



Commission: messenger to Gentiles and Israel

Sign: blindness then sight + baptism Fulfillment: Holy Spirit

Acts 9:17 / 1:8



















Abraham: foreshadows changed heart

Moses: foreshadows eternal protection and abundance

David: foreshadows rest and peace

Paul: proclaims the good news (fulfillment of the above 3)

Jesus: provides all of the above





















Look for this pattern in Israel's behavior and use it as a lesson for your walk with God.





















5 Kingdoms

Do O.T. prophecies confuse you? Most of them predict God using 5 kingdoms to judge Israel. Each inherits control over Israel, then is itself judged by the kingdom that follows it.





































ASSYRIA

Arrogant and savagely cruel

- 2Kings 17-18 deports Northern kingdom of Israel
- Takeover of Northern kingdom prophecied by Isaiah, Hosea, Amos, Micah
- Destruction of Assyria by Babylonians & Medes warned by Jonah and foretold/ depicted by Nahum



















BABYLONIA

Tolerant of Israelites who submitted

- 2Kings 25 & Jer. 39 deports Southern kingdom (Judah) & destroys Jerusalem
- Destruction of Jerusalem spoken of by Isaiah, Jeremiah, and Ezekiel
- Details of Nebuchadnezzar's reign recorded in Daniel



















PERSIA

Allowed Israelites to return to their land

- Dan. 5 Medo-Persia conquers Babylon
- Isaiah prophecies King Cyrus 100+ years before he was born (44:28, 45:1)
- Dan. 2 & 7 Rise of Persians (Medo-Persia) foretold; Dan. 8 - (the ram) defeated by Greece
- Details of Jewish life in Persia recorded in Esther



















GREECE

Alexander the Great conquers the Persians; Greek becomes the language of the N.T.

- Dan. 7 Alex.'s campaign pictured as a 4-winged, 4-headed leopard (4 generals; speed)
- Dan. 8 (one-horned goat) defeats Persia (the ram)
- Ezek. 26:1-5, 12 Alex. throws rubble of mainland Tyre into the sea to reach and conquer island Tyre (predicted 250 yrs. prior)



















ROME

Rome assumes control of Israel after Jews revolt against Seleucid (Greek) rule

- Dan. 2 the statue's feet of iron & clay
- Dan. 7 the 4th beast with iron teeth and 10 horns
- Rev. 17:9-14 7 hills & 7 kings of Rome















